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Solid Waste Disposal Act and is acceptable to EPA. The lead agency of the State must provide the notification required at §35.6120, if applicable.

(5) Real property acquisition. If EPA determines in the remedy selection process that an interest in real property must be acquired in order to conduct a response action, such acquisition may be funded under a Cooperative Agreement. EPA may acquire an interest in real estate for the purpose of conducting a remedial action only if the State provides assurance that it will accept transfer of such interest in accordance with 40 CFR 300.510(f) of the NCP. The State must provide this assurance even if it intends to transfer this interest to a third party, or to allow a political subdivision to accept transfer on behalf of the State. If the political subdivision is accepting the transferred interest in real property, the State must guarantee that it will accept transfer of such interest in the event of default by the political subdivision. If the State or political subdivision disposes of the transferred real property, it shall comply with the requirements for real property in 40 CFR 31.31(c)(2). (See § 35.6400 for additional information on real property acquisition requirements.)

§ 35.6110 Indian Tribe-lead remedial Cooperative Agreements.

- (a) Application requirements. The Indian Tribe must comply with all of the requirements described in $\S35.6105(a)$. Indian Tribes are not required to comply with the intergovernmental review requirements included in the "Application for Federal Assistance" (SF-424). Consistent with the NCP (40 CFR 300.510(e)(2)), this subpart does not address whether Indian Tribes are States for the purpose of CERCLA section 104(c)(9).
- (b) Cooperative Agreement requirements. (1) The Indian Tribe must comply with all terms and conditions in the Cooperative Agreement.
- (2) If it is designated the lead for remedial action, the Indian Tribe must provide the notification required at §35.6120, substituting the term "Indian Tribe" for the term "State" in that section, and "out-of-an-Indian-Tribal-

area-of-Indian-country' for 'out-of-State'.

(3) Indian Tribes are not required to share in the cost of CERCLA-funded remedial actions.

§35.6115 Political subdivision-lead remedial Cooperative Agreements.

- (a) General. If the State concurs, EPA may allow a political subdivision with the necessary capabilities and jurisdictional authority to conduct remedial response activities at a site. EPA will award the political subdivision a Cooperative Agreement to conduct remedial response and enter into a parallel Superfund State Contract with the State, if required (See §35.6800, when a Superfund State Contract is required). The political subdivision may also be a signatory to the Superfund State Contract. The political subdivision must submit to the State a copy of all reports provided to EPA.
- (b) Political subdivision Cooperative Agreement requirements—(1) Application requirements. To receive a remedial Cooperative Agreement, the political subdivision must prepare an application which includes the documentation described in §35.6105(a)(1) through (a)(3).
- (2) Cooperative Agreement requirements. The political subdivision must comply with all terms and conditions in the Cooperative Agreement. If it is designated the lead for remedial action, the political subdivision must provide the notification required at §35.6120, substituting the term "political subdivision" for the term "State" in that section.

§ 35.6120 Notification of the out-of-State or out-of-an-Indian-Tribalarea-of-Indian-country transfer of CERCLA waste.

- (a) The recipient must provide written notification of off-site shipments of CERCLA waste from a site to an out-of-State or out-of-an-Indian-Tribal-area-of-Indian-country waste management facility to:
- (1) The appropriate State environmental official for the State in which the waste management facility is located; and/or
- (2) An appropriate official of an Indian Tribe in whose area of Indian